

Package: webdeveloper (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Functions for Web Development

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Description Organizational framework for web development in R including functions to serve static and dynamic content via HTTP methods, includes the html5 package to create HTML pages, and offers other utility functions for common tasks related to web development.

License GPL (>= 3)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends httpuv, html5 (>= 1.0.0)

Imports future, promises, readr, stringi

RoxygenNote 7.2.0

URL <https://github.com/tconwell/webdeveloper>

BugReports <https://github.com/tconwell/webdeveloper/issues>

Repository <https://tconwell.r-universe.dev>

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|----------------|--|
| create_options | <i>Creates HTML option tags for each position of a list of values and labels by calling HTML5::option(), returning a string of HTML to pass to a select tag through HTML5::select().</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Creates HTML option tags for each position of a list of values and labels by calling HTML5::option(), returning a string of HTML to pass to a select tag through HTML5::select().

Usage

```
create_options(x, selected = c(), add_blank = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| x | A vector which will become the value/label for each option. If named, names become values. |
| selected | A value in the vector passed to mark as the initially selected option in the select tag. |
| add_blank | Boolean, If TRUE, adds a blank option to the top of x. |

Value

A string, with an option tag each row of x.

Examples

```
create_options(
  x = c("New York", "Los Angeles", "Chicago"),
  selected = "Chicago"
)
```

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| dynamicTemplate | <i>Replace placeholder variables in a HTML document string.</i> |
|-----------------|---|

Description

Replace placeholder variables in a HTML document string.

Usage

```
dynamicTemplate(x, replacements = c())
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| x | HTML string with placeholder variables that need to be replaced. |
| replacements | A named vector or named list. Names should match a template variable acting as a placeholder in a HTML document string and values should be the text to replace the placeholders with. |

Value

A string of HTML with placeholder values replaced.

Examples

```
dynamicTemplate(
  x = html(body(templateVar("body_var"))),
  replacements = c("%rvar-body_var%" = div(p("body replacement")))
)
```

| | |
|------------------|--|
| dynamicTemplate2 | <i>Replace placeholder variables in a HTML document string, after reading the file into R.</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Replace placeholder variables in a HTML document string, after reading the file into R.

Usage

```
dynamicTemplate2(file, replacements = c())
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| file | Filepath of the HTML file with placeholder variables that need to be replaced. |
| replacements | A named vector or named list. Names should match a template variable acting as a placeholder in a HTML document string and values should be the text to replace the placeholders with. |

Value

A string of HTML with placeholder values replaced.

Examples

```
tmp <- tempfile()
writeLines(html(body(templateVar("body_var"))), con = tmp)
dynamicTemplate2(file = tmp, replacements = c("%rvar-body_var%" = div(p("body replacement"))))
```

| | |
|-----------|---|
| endServer | <i>Stop HTTP server(s) by calling httpuv::stopServer() or httpuv::stopAllServers().</i> |
|-----------|---|

Description

Stop HTTP server(s) by calling httpuv::stopServer() or httpuv::stopAllServers().

Usage

```
endServer(x = NULL, all = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|--|
| x | A server object that was previously returned from serveHTTP. |
| all | TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, calls httpuv::stopAllServers. |

Value

Nothing.

Examples

```
endServer(all = TRUE)
```

| | |
|------------------|--|
| findTemplateVars | <i>Find the names of any placeholder variables that exist in a HTML document string.</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Find the names of any placeholder variables that exist in a HTML document string.

Usage

```
findTemplateVars(x)
```

Arguments

x HTML string to check for placeholder.

Value

A vector of the names of template vars found in the HTML string.

Examples

```
findTemplateVars(x = html(body(templateVar("body_var"))))
```

idAddAffixes *Add a prefix and suffix to an id*

Description

Add a prefix and suffix to an id

Usage

```
idAddAffixes(prefix, id, suffix, prefix_sep = "X", suffix_sep = "-")
```

Arguments

prefix A string, the prefix to add.
id A string to add a prefix and suffix to.
suffix A string, the suffix to add.
prefix_sep A string, the prefix separator to use. This should be different than suffix_sep.
suffix_sep A string, the suffix separator to use. This should be different than prefix_sep.

Value

A string.

Examples

```
idAddAffixes("group1", "example", 1)
```

idAddPrefix *Add a prefix to an id*

Description

Add a prefix to an id

Usage

```
idAddPrefix(prefix, id, sep = "X")
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| prefix | A string, the prefix to add. |
| id | A string to add a prefix to. |
| sep | A string, the separator to use. |

Value

A string.

Examples

```
idAddSuffix("example", 1)
```

idAddSuffix *Add a suffix to an id*

Description

Add a suffix to an id

Usage

```
idAddSuffix(id, suffix, sep = "-")
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| id | A string to add a suffix to. |
| suffix | A string, the suffix to add. |
| sep | A string, the separator to use. |

Value

A string.

Examples

```
idAddSuffix("example", 1)
```

| | |
|----------------|--|
| idParseAffixes | <i>Remove a prefix and suffix from an id</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Remove a prefix and suffix from an id

Usage

```
idParseAffixes(id, split = "X|-")
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| id | A string to remove a prefix and suffix from. |
| split | A regular expression to use for splitting the prefix and suffix from the id. |

Value

A named vector, with prefix, id, and suffix returned in that order.

Examples

```
idParseAffixes(idAddAffixes("group1", "example", 1))
```

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| idParsePrefix | <i>Remove a prefix from an id</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|

Description

Remove a prefix from an id

Usage

```
idParsePrefix(id, split = "X", position = 2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| id | A string to remove a prefix from. |
| split | A string, the separator to use for splitting the id. |
| position | A integer vector, the position of the split string to return. |

Value

A vector.

Examples

```
idParsePrefix(idAddPrefix("example", 1))
```

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| idParseSuffix | <i>Remove a suffix from an id</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|

Description

Remove a suffix from an id

Usage

```
idParseSuffix(id, split = "-", position = 1)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| id | A string to remove a suffix from. |
| split | A string, the separator to use for splitting the id. |
| position | A integer vector, the position of the split string to return. |

Value

A vector.

Examples

```
idParseSuffix(idAddSuffix("example", 1))
```

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| parseContentTypeHeader | <i>Parse the content type header string to return the content type and boundary</i> |
|------------------------|---|

Description

Parse the content type header string to return the content type and boundary

Usage

```
parseContentTypeHeader(x)
```


Arguments

x A string containing the content type header.

Value

A named list with "content_type" and "boundary" if boundary is present.

Examples

```
parseContentTypeHeader("application/x-www-form-urlencoded")
```

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>parseHTTP</code> | <i>Parse a HTTP request</i> |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|

Description

Parse a HTTP request

Usage

```
parseHTTP(x, content_type_header = NULL, consolidate = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x The body of the HTTP request
content_type_header A string containing the content type header.
consolidate TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, consolidates items with the same name.

Value

A named list.

Examples

```
parseHTTP("?form_id=example&col_name=Test+String", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded")
```

 parseMultiPartFormData

Parse multi-part form data

Description

Parse multi-part form data

Usage

```
parseMultiPartFormData(x, boundary)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| x | A vector. |
| boundary | A string, the boundary used for the multi-part form data |

Value

A named list.

Examples

```
parseMultiPartFormData(
  x = c(
    "-----WebKitFormBoundaryfBloeh49i0mYt05A",
    "Content-Disposition: form-data; name=\"form_name\"",
    "",
    "Example",
    "-----WebKitFormBoundaryfBloeh49i0mYt05A",
    "Content-Disposition: form-data; name=\"form_id\"",
    "",
    "test",
    "-----WebKitFormBoundaryfBloeh49i0mYt05A",
    "Content-Disposition: form-data; name=\"desktop_file\"; filename=\"limit_type.csv\"",
    "Content-Type: text/csv",
    "",
    "limit_type",
    "Aggregate",
    "Occurrence",
    "-----WebKitFormBoundaryfBloeh49i0mYt05A--"
  ),
  boundary = parseContentTypeHeader(
    "multipart/form-data; boundary=-----WebKitFormBoundaryfBloeh49i0mYt05A")[[ 'boundary' ]]
)
```

`parseMultiPartFormParams`*Helper function for parseMultiPartFormData*

Description

Helper function for parseMultiPartFormData

Usage

```
parseMultiPartFormParams(x)
```

Arguments

`x` A vector, a chunk of multi-part form data to parse.

Value

A named list.

Examples

```
parseMultiPartFormParams(c("Content-Disposition: form-data; name=\"form_name\"", "", "Example"))
```

`parseQueryString`*Parse a query string*

Description

Parse a query string

Usage

```
parseQueryString(x, split = "&", consolidate = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`x` A string containing the query string.
`split` A string, the character to split by.
`consolidate` TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, consolidates items with the same name.

Value

A named list.

Examples

```
parseQueryString("?form_id=example&col_name=Test+String")
```

| | |
|-----------|--|
| serveHTTP | <i>Conveniently create HTTP server using <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> or <code>httpuv::runServer()</code>.</i> |
|-----------|--|

Description

Conveniently create HTTP server using `httpuv::startServer()` or `httpuv::runServer()`.

Usage

```
serveHTTP(
  host = "127.0.0.1",
  port = 5001,
  persistent = FALSE,
  async = FALSE,
  static = list(),
  dynamic = list(),
  lapply_staticPath = TRUE,
  static_path_options = list(indexhtml = TRUE, fallthrough = FALSE, html_charset =
    "utf-8", headers = list(), validation = character(0), exclude = FALSE)
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|--|
| host | A string that is a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address that is owned by this server, which the application will listen on. "0.0.0.0" represents all IPv4 addresses and "::/0" represents all IPv6 addresses. Refer to host parameter of <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> for more details. |
| port | The port number to listen on. Refer to port parameter of <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> for more details. |
| persistent | TRUE/FALSE. If FALSE, calls <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> , which returns back to the R session (and would therefore not work with launching a persistent server through a system service as the R session would continue and likely exit/end). If TRUE, calls <code>httpuv::runServer()</code> , which does not return to the R session unless an error or interruption occurs and is suitable for use with system services to start or stop a server. |
| async | TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, dynamic path requests will be served asynchronously using multicore evaluation, if possible. This is an advanced option and might make it more confusing to debug your app. |
| static | A named list, names should be URL paths, values should be paths to the files to be served statically (such as a HTML file saved somewhere) or <code>staticPath</code> objects if <code>lapply_staticPath</code> is FALSE. |
| dynamic | A named list, names should be URL paths, values should be named alists (use <code>alist</code> instead of <code>list</code>) with alist names equaling a HTTP method (such as "GET" or "POST") and the values being expressions that when evaluated return a named |

list with valid entries for status, headers, and body as specified by `httpuv::startServer()`. Refer to `httpuv::startServer()` for more details on what can be returned as the response. ex. `list("/") = alist("GET" = get_function(req), "POST" = post_function(req))`

`lapply_staticPath`

TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, `httpuv::staticPath` will be applied to each element of `static` to create `staticPath` objects.

`static_path_options`

A named list, passed to `httpuv::staticPathOptions`.

Details

`serveHTTP` is a convenient way to start a HTTP server that works for both static and dynamically created pages. It offers a simplified and organized interface to `httpuv::startServer()/httpuv::runServer()` that makes serving static and dynamic pages easier. For dynamic pages, the expression evaluated when a browser requests a dynamically served path should likely be an expression/function that has "req" as a parameter. Per the Rook specification implemented by `httpuv`, "req" is the R environment in which browser request information is collected. Therefore, to access HTTP request headers, inputs, etc. in a function served by a dynamic path, "req" should be a parameter of that function. For the dynamic parameter of `serveHTTP`, `list("/") = alist("GET" = get_homepage(req))` would be a suitable way to call the function `get_homepage(req)` when the root path of a website is requested with the GET method. The req environment has the following variables: `request_method = req$request_method`, `script_name = req$script_name`, `path_info = req$path_info`, `query_string = req$query_string`, `server_name = req$server_name`, `server_port = req$server_port`, `headers = req$headers`, `rook_input = req[["rook.input"]]$read_lines()`, `rook_version = req[["rook.version"]]$read_lines()`, `rook_url_scheme = req[["rook.url_scheme"]]$read_lines()`, `rook_error_stream = req[["rook.errors"]]$read_lines()`

Value

A HTTP web server on the specified host and port.

Examples

```
# Run both functions and go to http://127.0.0.1:5001/ in a web browser
get_example <- function(req){

  html <- doctype(
    html(
      head(),
      body(
        h1("Hello"),
        p("Here is a list of some of the variables included in the req environment
          that were associated with this request:"),
        ul(
          li(paste0("req$request_method = ", req$request_method)),
          li(paste0("req$script_name = ", req$script_name)),
          li(paste0("req$path_info = ", req$path_info)),
          li(paste0("req$query_string = ", req$query_string)),
          li(paste0("req$server_name = ", req$server_name)),
          li(paste0("req$server_port = ", req$server_port))
        ),
      )
    )
}
```

```

p("You can use parseQueryString to deal with inputs passed through query strings as
well as passed through the input stream."),
p("params <- parseQueryString(req[["rook.input"]]$read_lines()) will give you a
named list of parameters. See also parseHTTP.")
)
)
)
return(
list(
status = 200L,
headers = list('Content-Type' = 'text/html'),
body = html
)
)
}

serveHTTP(
host = "127.0.0.1",
port = 5001,
persistent = FALSE,
static = list(),
dynamic = list(
"/" = alist(
"GET" = get_example(req)
)
)
)
)
)

```

templateVar

Create a string to use as a placeholder variable in a HTML document.

Description

Create a string to use as a placeholder variable in a HTML document.

Usage

```
templateVar(x)
```

Arguments

x Name of placeholder.

Value

A string.

Examples

```
templateVar("my_dynamic_var")
```

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